Harmony in Purpose: The Key Role of Organizational Values in Nonprofit Collaboration and Cross-Sector Partnerships

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Harmony in Purpose: The Key Role of Organizational Values in Nonprofit Collaboration and Cross-Sector Partnerships

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Capstone Research Report Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Master of Nonprofit Administration Degree in the School of Management directed by Dr. Richard Greggory Johnson III

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Abstract

This research paper aims to evaluate the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships. In today's complex social landscape, organizations increasingly recognize the need to collaborate across sectors to address multifaceted challenges effectively. Partner selection is a critical process in establishing successful collaborations, as it determines the alignment of values, goals, and working approaches between participating organizations. Drawing upon existing literature on collaboration and organizational values, this study seeks to investigate whether organizational values influence the partner selection process in nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships. The research will employ a single method approach to gather comprehensive data and insights. The qualitative interviews will be conducted with a select group of participants to gain deeper insights into their experiences and decision-making processes related to partner selection. By analyzing the interview transcripts, this research aims to uncover patterns, themes, and trends regarding the role of organizational values in partner selection. The findings of this research will provide valuable insights into the factors influencing partner selection decisions and shed light on the importance of organizational values in fostering successful and sustainable collaborations. It will contribute to the existing knowledge and understanding of effective partnership formation in the nonprofit and cross-sector contexts. Ultimately, this research aims to contribute to the advancement of cross-sector collaboration theory and practice by highlighting the significance of organizational values as a key determinant in partner selection.

Keywords: Organizational values, partner selection, cross-sector partnerships, collaborations
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Section 1: Introduction

Nonprofit organizations play a pivotal role in addressing pressing societal challenges, promoting social welfare, and fostering positive change in communities. These organizations often operate within resource-constrained environments, necessitating collaborative efforts and partnerships to leverage diverse expertise, resources, and networks for enhanced effectiveness and impact. Collaborations between nonprofits and other stakeholders, including government agencies and private sector entities, have become increasingly prevalent and recognized as valuable mechanisms for achieving shared goals. These collaborations and cross-sector partnerships offer opportunities to leverage resources, expertise, and networks for enhanced effectiveness and impact. However, the success of such partnerships depends heavily on the strategic selection of suitable partners who align with the mission, vision, and values of the nonprofit organization. The purpose of this research paper is to comprehensively evaluate the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships.

Organizational values refer to the guiding principles, beliefs, and ethical standards that shape the culture and decision-making processes within an organization. We seek to investigate whether and how these values influence the partner selection process and seek to gain insights into how nonprofits can effectively identify and engage with partners who align with their core beliefs and principles, considering the significance of shared values in establishing successful collaborations.

Partner selection is a critical step in the formation of establishing successful collaborations and partnerships, as it determines the compatibility, trust, and long-term sustainability of the partnership. Nonprofit organizations face unique challenges in finding partners who share similar values due to their mission-driven nature and resource constraints.
Furthermore, the strategic alignment of organizational values is particularly vital in collaborations involving diverse sectors, where disparate stakeholders must navigate complex social, economic, and political contexts. Therefore, understanding the role of organizational values in partner selection becomes imperative for nonprofit leaders and practitioners, enabling them to make informed decisions and establish mutually beneficial partnerships that contribute to their organizational objectives.

This research aims to achieve several interconnected objectives. Firstly, we seek to conduct an extensive review of existing literature and empirical studies on partner selection in nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships, focusing specifically on the role of organizational values. By examining prior research, theoretical frameworks, and methodologies employed in this domain, we will establish a strong foundation for our study and identify gaps and opportunities for further exploration. This comprehensive literature review will enable us to understand the existing knowledge, theories, and practical implications related to the influence of organizational values on partner selection.

Additionally, we aim to critically analyze case studies and real-world examples to understand the practical implications and outcomes of considering organizational values in partner selection.

Furthermore, we will employ a mixed-methods research approach to gather primary data from a diverse sample of nonprofit organizations engaged in collaborations and partnerships. Qualitative methods, such as interviews, will provide in-depth insights into the decision-making processes, perceptions, and experiences of nonprofit leaders and practitioners involved in partner selection. Quantitative methods, including surveys and document analysis, will allow us to capture broader trends, patterns, and statistical relationships related to organizational values and partner selection outcomes. The integration of qualitative and quantitative data will enable a comprehensive analysis of the research
question and contribute to a nuanced understanding of the role of organizational values in partner selection.

By conducting this research, we aim to make significant contributions to the existing body of knowledge in nonprofit management, collaboration, and organizational studies. The findings of this study will not only advance academic understanding but also have practical implications for nonprofit leaders, policymakers, and practitioners. By elucidating the role of organizational values in partner selection, we seek to provide actionable recommendations and guidelines for nonprofit organizations to make informed decisions when establishing collaborations and partnerships. These insights will help nonprofit leaders navigate the complexities of partner selection, identify partners who share their core values, and ultimately foster more sustainable and impactful cross-sector relationships.

In subsequent sections of this research paper, we will delve into the theoretical foundations underpinning our study, review relevant literature from various disciplines, present our research methodology in detail, analyze the collected data, and discuss the implications of our findings. Through this comprehensive exploration, we aim to shed light on the intricate dynamics of partner selection in nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships, contribute to theoretical advancements, and provide practical guidance for nonprofit organizations striving to build enduring and impactful relationships based on shared values.
Overall, this research seeks to answer the following hypothesis:

- **Hypothesis 1:** Organizational Values have a role in partner selection for Nonprofit Partnerships and Cross-sector collaborations.

- **Hypothesis 2:** Organizational Values do not have a role in partner selection for Nonprofit Partnerships and Cross-sector collaborations.

**Section 2: Literature Review**

**Organizational Values**

Organizational values are critical principles that align with an organization's internal mission and remain uninfluenced by external shifts or changes in the firm's environment (C Collins & I Porras, 1996). According to Collins and Porras (1996), exceptional organizations establish their own unique set of core values, unaffected by market trends, to achieve exceptional status.

Managing relationships within an organization involves the significant role of organizational values. Tvedt et al. (2023) explored how organizational values influence the behaviors of managers and employees, specifically in their choice of leadership style. The findings revealed that organizational values shape managers' preferred leadership styles for effectively engaging with employees. For example, values like passion, trust, and relationship were associated with a preference for a transformational leadership style that inspires and motivates employees (Tvedt et al., 2023). On the other hand, values like stability and excellence aligned with a transactional leadership style that emphasizes clear expectations and performance rewards. Additionally, the research highlighted the crucial role of organizational values in fostering a supportive learning environment and promoting resilience within the organization (Tvedt et al., 2023).
In another study Voss et al. (2000) examined the role of organizational values in the relationships between nonprofit cultural firms and external constituents such as government agencies, corporations, and foundations. Their results indicated the importance of organizational values for nonprofit organizations when interacting with external groups (Voss et al., 2000). These values shape their thinking, behaviour, and collaboration with external partners. Furthermore, organizational values guide the formation of relationships with external partners, and the outcomes of these relationships are reflected in the financial support received by the organization (Voss et al., 2000).

Moreover, a study conducted by Jain (2020) explored the influence of organizational values on the adoption of human resources (HR) practices, which, in turn, impact an organization's motivations for collaboration and the type of collaboration sought with nonprofit organizations (NPOs) to fulfil social responsibility. The results suggested that organizations with egoistic values are more likely to adopt HR practices prioritizing calculations and cost-effectiveness. On the other hand, organizations guided by benevolence and principles are inclined towards adopting HR practices that promote collaboration. Those with a calculative approach tend to have episodic collaboration motivations and engage in philanthropic or transactional collaborations with NPOs. Whereas organizations that champion collaborative HR practices have enduring collaboration motivations and pursue integrative collaborations with NPOs (Jain, 2020).

To summarize, the values held by nonprofit organizations significantly influence their relationships with external stakeholders and can also contribute to their financial success. These findings build upon previous studies that emphasize the pivotal role of shared values in forming and nurturing external relationships (Dwyer, Schurr, & Oh, 1987; Morgan & Hunt, 1994; Ranson, Hinings, & Greenwood, 1980; Wilson, 1995).
Partner selection

There is a growing belief that organizations in the public, private, and nonprofit sectors can gain advantages by working together, especially through branding and forming partnerships (Sagawa & Segal, 2000). Before deciding to collaborate with each other, potential partners should carefully assess and weigh the potential risks and benefits of each action plan. This evaluation is a crucial step in the collaboration process (Jang et al., 2016). A possible way of enhancing partnerships is by examining them through the personal construct theory, which explains how people interpret and engage in different situations. By using this theory in the partner selection stage, organizations can better understand what fosters successful partnerships and enhances collaboration (Langer et al., 2023). In a study conducted on collaborative efforts between nonprofit organizations in Chicago and Cook County, it was found that the criteria for selecting partners for collaboration depends on the context and type of collaboration. However, for both financial or non-financial forms of collaboration, having similar goals, missions, and values is important for partner selection (Langer et al., 2023). Moreover, according to research conducted by Snavely and Tracy (2000), the most common form of collaboration among nonprofits is sharing non-financial resources. Such collaboration requires frequent communication, interaction and collaborative decision-making (Chen & Graddy, 2010). Therefore, ease of access and goal similarity are attractive qualities in a potential partner. When it comes to high-risk situations, the reputation of the potential partner is a key criteria in partner selection (Langer et al., 2023).

When it comes to collaborating for policy-related projects, managers prefer working with partners who have a reputation for advocacy expertise and a strong leadership; research shows that for every increase in the partner's advocacy expertise on a scale, the likelihood of collaboration on policy work increases by 2.47 times (Langer et al., 2023). This is because many service providing nonprofits avoid policy work due to the potential risk of
losing public funds and attracting negative attention (Bass, Arons, Guinane, Carter, & Rees, 2007; Berry & Arons, 2005). Therefore, choosing partners with advocacy expertise, leadership, and a positive reputation helps in lowering these risks and increase the chances of a successful collaboration (Langer et al., 2023).

Moreover, in the case of finding partners for joint service provision which is a type of collaboration where two or more organizations come together to plan, finance, and deliver a service; managers are drawn to organizations that share a similar mission, have a good reputation, and the potential for synergistic collaboration (Langer et al., 2023). A Study indicated that when there is a one-unit increase on a Likert scale that measures mission similarity, the likelihood of jointly providing services increases by 2.26 times (Langer et al., 2023). By working with organizations that have a similar mission, managers can reduce the risks involved in joint service provision, which leads to a shared set of values and goals. Another important factor that managers often consider is personality traits and leadership, especially in partnerships that involve financial resources exchange (Langer et al., 2023).

Furthermore, similar results were observed in a study conducted by Heller (2008) that analysed the impact of reputation on brand alliances of nonprofit organizations. The results reflected that when a positive reputation nonprofit organization partnered with a negatively perceived organization, particularly a business firm, people’s willingness to donate to that nonprofit organization significantly decreased. This highlighted consumers' expectations for corporations to demonstrate social responsibility and honesty. The study underscored the crucial role of reputation in the nonprofit sector and cautioned organizations with positive reputations to carefully consider the risks before entering brand alliances with less reputable partners (Heller, 2008).
Nonprofit Collaboration

Collaboration among nonprofits and with nongovernmental organizations (NGOs) has been a subject of study and interest for several decades. Scholars and practitioners have recognized the value of joint efforts between organizations that share common goals. Since the 1980s, the concept of collaboration in the nonprofit sector has gained momentum, especially during the government privatization era. This period witnessed an increased emphasis on public-private partnerships and the outsourcing of government services to nonprofit and NGO actors (Kramer & Gray, 1990; Mattessich & Monsey, 1992).

Over time, there has been a sustained interest in studying and understanding collaboration in the nonprofit sector. Practitioners have also shown a growing interest in fostering successful collaborations. This recognition has further fueled scholarly attention in this area. Understanding how to navigate and enhance collaborations has become crucial for organizations seeking to maximize their impact and achieve shared goals (Bardach, 1998).

Collaboration amongst organizations continues to be a significant area of interest in public policy and nonprofit management. This is primarily due to the growing scale and complexity of public problems that the government faces, resulting in a greater reliance on nonprofit organizations to design, manage, and deliver social services to people (Langer et al., 2023). Collaboration between nonprofit organizations, governments and for-profit businesses is often adopted to achieve shared goals. Such collaborations can be categorized as formal partnerships, networked relationships, and informal alliances (Anheier, 2014).

Research has indicated that strategic planning capacity can be enhanced through collaborations between government agencies and nonprofit organizations (Shumate, Fu, & Cooper, 2018). For instance, pooling resources and expertise during collaboration can lead to cost savings and increasing efficiency (Anheier, 2014).
Nonprofit organizations engage in collaboration for various reasons, which can be explained by different theories. Resource dependence and transaction cost theories propose that collaborations are motivated by the need to acquire resources and mitigate costs (Mitchell, 2014). Institutional theories, on the other hand, suggest that motivations for collaboration stem from a desire for independence and legitimacy. Network theory emphasizes the social aspects of collaboration, highlighting factors such as increased awareness, trust, and commitment among participants (Larson, 1992). Guo and Acar (2005) further supported the significance of network effects in collaboration by studying 95 charitable organizations.

A major advantage of nonprofit collaborations is that it helps organizations in utilizing their strengths and recognizing their weaknesses. An exchange of personnel, information and capital between collaborating organizations can escalate impact (Anheier, 2014). Moreover, collaborations also facilitate building trust and long-term relationships (Huxham & Vangen, 2013). According to the literature on nonprofit collaboration, there are numerous benefits associated with such collaborative efforts. These benefits include economic efficiencies, improved service quality, organizational learning, access to new skills, risk sharing, and enhanced public accountability (Atouba & Shumate, 2015). In the context of emergencies, where urgency and uncertainty are prevalent, the significance of practicing and studying nonprofit collaboration becomes even more evident. The extreme nature of these events emphasizes the need to explore and analyze the effectiveness of collaborative efforts among nonprofits.
Figure 1: A Continuum of Collaboration

Source: Grant et al., 2020

Above is a model designed by Grant, Wilkinson, and Butts (2020) for sustained collaboration and its importance. While the vast majority of collaborations happen in the least formal areas of joint programming and loose associations, demand is growing for more formal structured collaborations. “The big challenge in messaging to the nonprofit community is that this is about more than mergers. This is about the entire continuum of long-term and permanent partnerships, including colocation, shared staffing, joint-venture partnerships, and back-office cooperation”, says Genita C. Robinson, director of the Mission Sustainability Initiative (MSI) in Chicago, a founding member of the SCN (Grant et al., 2020).

Cross-sector Partnership

While the concept of cross-sector partnership (CSP) has gained significant attention in research, there is still a lack of uniformity in its definition (Lee, 2019). According to Becker and Smith (2018), a cross-sector partnership is a collaborative effort amongst individuals and organizations from various sectors such as nonprofit, government,
philanthropic, and business sectors. These entities join forces, bringing in their unique perspectives and resources, to work together in solving a societal problem and achieving a common goal (Becker & Smith, 2018).

Cross-sector partnerships arises from a combination of political, economic, and social forces. The intricate nature of social problems necessitates cooperation and collaboration among organizations spanning multiple sectors (Austin, 2000). Nonprofit organizations, akin to businesses and government agencies, respond to this complexity by engaging in partnerships with other nonprofits, government agencies, and businesses. Encouragement for nonprofit collaboration to enhance their capacity in addressing these intricate problems has been voiced by government agencies and funders (Huxham & Vangen, 2013). As a result, there is a growing need for investigation by public administration and nonprofit researchers to understand the dynamics of these interorganizational partnerships, particularly given that nonprofits allocate limited resources to develop such collaborations.

At an individual level, all these organizations strive to address societal challenges. However, their impact remains limited when it comes to tackling large-scale issues. The main reason for this is their incapacity to address problems at a systemic level. Consequently, CSP has become increasingly important as they allow for unique problem-solving approaches (Becker & Smith, 2018). Collaboration is a “process through which parties who see different aspects of a problem can constructively explore their differences and search for solutions that go beyond their own limited visions of what is possible” (Kramer & Gray, 1990)

Crane and Seitanidi (2014) began to dive into cross-sector partnerships by explaining that social partners are defined as “the joining together of organizations from different sectors of society to tackle social problem”. Their definition however is broad and provides the opportunity to dig deeper into what the sectors include, what process join these individuals or groups together and how do we define what is considered a social problem.
Several theories provide explanations for the motivations behind inner-sector and cross-sector collaborations (Gazley & Guo, 2015). One significant theory is resource dependence, which suggests that organizations engage in collaborative strategies to effectively manage external dependencies and uncertainties in their resource environment (Loasby et al., 1979). Another relevant theory is the transaction cost theory, which posits that collaboration serves to minimize transaction costs and maximize economic or psychological benefits (Williamson, 1991).

In conclusion, organizational values significantly influence leadership styles, collaborations, and partnerships within the nonprofit sector. They shape managers' leadership preferences and foster a supportive learning environment. Shared values are essential for establishing relationships with external partners and gaining financial support. Cross-sector partnerships have become vital for tackling complex societal challenges by leveraging diverse perspectives and resources. When forming collaborations, organizations should carefully assess reputation and mission alignment to maximize their impact and achieve common objectives. Further research is necessary to delve into interorganizational dynamics and their broader societal implications.

Section 3: Methods and Approaches

Interviews

This research study employed a mixed-methods approach to evaluate the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships. The research objective was to determine if organizational values influence the decision-making process when selecting partners for collaborative initiatives within the nonprofit sector.

To gather qualitative data, four semi-structured interviews were conducted with nonprofit leaders who had extensive experience in nonprofit partnerships and collaboration.
Purposive sampling was used to ensure a diverse range of perspectives by selecting participants with various backgrounds, ages, experiences, and ethnicities. The participants were contacted through different platforms, including LinkedIn, email, and recommendations from a mentor.

Participation in the interviews was entirely voluntary, and the participants were given the option to keep their responses confidential. Their names and organizations will remain anonymous in the final research paper, ensuring their privacy and anonymity if they want. The interviews were conducted following ethical guidelines, and informed consent forms were provided to the participants, emphasizing their rights as participants and the voluntary nature of their involvement. The participants expressed their appreciation and gratitude for being part of the study.

Since my interviewees were based out of different areas in US, the interviews were conducted online using Zoom. All the interviews took around 45 minutes to one hour. Interviewees verbally consented to be recorded, and the video was coded to analyze information and major findings to help writing the analysis for the paper. The questions asked during the interview were following:

1. Can you please provide a brief overview of your organization and its mission?
2. How important do you believe organizational values are in the context of nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships?
3. In your experience, what are some key organizational values that are commonly sought after when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships?
4. Could you share an example of a collaboration or partnership your organization has engaged in? How were the partner organizations selected, and to what extent were their values considered?
5. Have there been instances where the values misalignment between partner organizations became apparent during a collaboration or partnership? If so, how did your organization handle such situations?

6. From your perspective, what are the potential benefits or advantages of incorporating organizational values into the partner selection process?

7. Are there any limitations or drawbacks to considering organizational values when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships? If so, what are they?

8. In your opinion, how can nonprofit organizations better integrate and prioritize organizational values in their partner selection processes for collaborations or cross-sector partnerships?

9. Have you observed any changes or trends over time regarding the importance placed on organizational values in partner selection for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships? If yes, what have you noticed?

10. Based on your experiences and insights, do you have any recommendations for nonprofit organizations looking to enhance their partner selection process by incorporating organizational values effectively?

The four interviews included the following: J. Hunter Moore - Chief Executive Officer of The Redwoods. He has more than 30 years of experience as a mission-oriented management, operations, facilities development, and strategic planning professional with a deep interest in innovative, high-quality, affordable, senior housing and services. He has worked extensively in the U.S., as well as in the U.K., Canada and Germany. He also has experience working with elected officials and governmental bodies on the local, regional, state and national level.

The second interviewee was Dr. Aaron Alarcon, currently the Chief Executive Officer of Family Eldercare in Austin, TX, possesses more than 23 years of experience in
health and human services, most recently as the Executive Director of the Community Services Bureau of Contra Costa County. Prior to that, Dr. A (as he is often called) was the Executive Director of the In-Home Supportive Services Public Authority of Marin County, a public agency that provides in-home care to older adults and individuals with disabilities. Before moving to the Bay Area, Dr. A spent several years as the Family Services Program Director for Catholic Charities of Dallas, Texas. He also worked with foster parents with Child Net Youth and Family Services in Long Beach, CA, and as a Guardianship Specialist and Guardianship Program Director for the legally and mentally incapacitated in Fort Worth and El Paso, TX.

The third interviewee asked to remain anonymous, and the last one was, Hayley, she was born and raised in Monterey County, California. She received her Bachelor of Arts in Communication Studies from California Polytechnic State University and her Masters of Nonprofit Administration from the University of San Francisco. She is the Marketing & Development Manager at San Francisco-based nonprofit Real Options for City Kids (R.O.C.K.) where she oversees development initiatives, corporate partnerships, volunteer recruitment, and communication strategies. Prior to joining R.O.C.K. in 2019, Hayley discovered her passion for nonprofit service through her work with the San Luis Obispo Botanical Garden and the Giants Community Fund. In her free time, Hayley enjoys creating art, hiking, and playing with her chocolate lab, Koda.

In addition to the interviews, a comprehensive literature review was conducted to collect quantitative and qualitative data from various sources, such as books, peer-reviewed articles, and reports. This secondary data collection aimed to provide a broader context and support the insights gained from the interviews. The literature review focused on organizational values, partner selection, nonprofit collaboration, and cross-sector partnerships.
Community Benefits

The research on evaluating the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships offers several community benefits. Firstly, it improves collaborative decision-making by providing nonprofit organizations with insights to make informed choices when forming partnerships. This leads to stronger collaborations and more effective initiatives, ultimately benefiting the communities they serve. Secondly, incorporating organizational values in partner selection enhances collaboration outcomes. When partner organizations share similar values, there is better alignment in goals, strategies, and approaches, resulting in increased efficiency, improved resource allocation, and better outcomes in addressing community needs. Additionally, prioritizing organizational values fosters sustainable partnerships, community engagement, and social impact amplification. It also promotes inclusivity, equity, and knowledge sharing within the nonprofit sector, contributing to a culture of learning and innovation. Overall, this research enhances collaborative efforts, strengthens community involvement, and drives positive change in addressing social issues.

Professional Experience and Viewpoint

Based on my professional experience and viewpoint, I have gained a solid understanding of organizational values and their significance within an organization. Throughout my undergraduate studies in business administration, I have been exposed to the importance of organizational values and how they shape the culture and decision-making processes of businesses.

However, it was during my program in nonprofit administration that I truly grasped the need for and importance of nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships. In my home country, I have witnessed numerous nonprofits working in isolation, which limits their collective impact. Recognizing this gap, I became passionate
about exploring the potential of collaborations and partnerships among nonprofits to address social challenges more effectively by leveraging their expertise and resources.

This realization prompted me to delve deeper into the topic and study the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships. I believe that by understanding and incorporating organizational values in the partnership process, nonprofits can foster greater alignment, trust, and shared goals, thereby enhancing the overall effectiveness and impact of collaborative efforts.

However, it is important to acknowledge the limitations of my professional experience. Although I have worked in the nonprofit sector for three years, I have not had direct involvement in nonprofits that engage in collaborations or cross-sector partnerships. As a result, my insights may be somewhat limited in terms of practical experiences and firsthand knowledge of the challenges and dynamics associated with such partnerships. Nonetheless, I am committed to conducting thorough research and seeking insights from other professionals and experts in the field to mitigate this limitation and provide valuable contributions to the study.

Section 4: Data Analysis

The data analysis section of this paper delves into the insights and perspectives gathered from in-depth interviews with four nonprofit leaders who possess a wealth of experience in collaborative initiatives. Through a rigorous analysis of their responses, this section aims to explore their understanding and opinions regarding the importance of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships.

The interviews were carefully transcribed, and thematic analysis was employed to identify recurring patterns, key themes, and variations in the participants' viewpoints. The analysis focuses on extracting meaningful insights related to the participants' perceptions of
organizational values and their role in the partner selection process. Common themes and divergent perspectives will be highlighted, providing a comprehensive understanding of the significance of organizational values as perceived by these nonprofit leaders.

By thoroughly analyzing the interview data, this section aims to contribute to the existing knowledge base on partner selection in collaborative initiatives. The insights gained from the data analysis will help inform practitioners, policymakers, and stakeholders about the practical considerations surrounding the incorporation of organizational values in the decision-making process. Ultimately, this analysis seeks to provide valuable insights that can enhance the effectiveness and impact of nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships.

During the initial interviews, the primary objective was to explore the validity of the hypotheses. All four participants unanimously confirmed that organizational values indeed play a significant role in nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships, thereby validating hypothesis 1. Moreover, through responses to question 2, we gained insights into the level of importance assigned to organizational values in the context of these collaborations.

**Interviewee 1:** They provide a foundation for shared understanding, guide decision-making processes, and ensure alignment between participating organizations. When nonprofits collaborate, their shared values create a common purpose and foster trust among partners. These values serve as a compass, helping organizations navigate challenges, resolve conflicts, and make ethical choices.

**Interviewee 2:** When organizations come together, their shared values facilitate the alignment of missions, enabling them to work collectively towards a common goal. Collaborations that embrace shared values are more likely to achieve sustainable
outcomes, maximize their impact, and create synergies by leveraging their respective strengths.

Both Interviewee 1 and Interviewee 2 emphasize the significance of shared values in nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships. They highlight how shared values act as a foundation for mutual understanding, decision-making, and alignment among participating organizations. Additionally, these shared values foster a common purpose and trust among partners, enabling them to navigate challenges, resolve conflicts, and make ethical choices collectively. Both participants also stress that collaborations that embrace shared values are more likely to achieve sustainable outcomes, maximize their impact, and create synergies by leveraging their respective strengths. Overall, the common theme is the recognition of shared values as a vital element in driving successful nonprofit collaborations.

Upon exploring question three, which focuses on the key organizational values commonly sought after when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships, the interviewees shared their perspectives:

**Interviewee 3:** When it comes to selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships in the nonprofit industry, there are several key organizational values that we commonly seek. Collaboration is at the core of successful partnerships. We look for partners who value collaboration and teamwork, as this fosters a collective approach to problem-solving, resource sharing, and decision-making. When partners work together as a team, it increases the chances of achieving our shared goals.

**Interviewee 4:** Maintaining trust and integrity is paramount in the nonprofit sector. We seek partners who uphold high ethical standards, demonstrate transparency in their
operations, and are committed to responsible practices. Ethical conduct builds credibility and ensures accountability among partners, which is important.

The common theme in the provided answers is the emphasis on collaboration and ethical conduct when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships in the nonprofit industry. Collaboration is seen as crucial for achieving shared goals and maximizing the impact of partnerships. Whereas, ethical conduct is seen as essential for building credibility and ensuring accountability among partners.

In questions 6 and 7, the interviewees were asked to share their perspective on the potential benefits or advantages of incorporating organizational values into the partner selection process, as well as any limitations or drawbacks to considering organizational values when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships. Here are their responses:

**Interviewee 2:** In terms of benefits, I believe, organizational values act as a foundation for building trust and effective communication among partners. When values align, there is a greater level of transparency, openness, and mutual understanding, fostering stronger relationships and collaboration. Similarly, the limitation is that balancing organizational values across different partners can be challenging, especially when there are conflicting priorities or approaches. It requires ongoing communication and compromise to ensure that shared values are upheld while accommodating diverse perspectives.

**Interviewee 4:** In my experience, the advantage is that by considering organizational values, nonprofits can identify partners with a long-term vision and shared commitment to sustainability. This leads to more enduring partnerships that can adapt to challenges and achieve lasting social change. And one drawback which I have experienced in my
past collaborations was that strict adherence to organizational values during partner selection may limit diversity in collaborations. While shared values are important, it is crucial to also consider the benefits of diverse perspectives, backgrounds, and approaches for innovative problem-solving.

The insights shared by Interviewee 2 and Interviewee 4 provide valuable perspectives on the potential benefits and limitations of incorporating organizational values into the partner selection process in the nonprofit industry.

A common theme that emerges from both answers is the significance of trust and effective communication as benefits of aligning organizational values. When values align among partners, there is a greater level of transparency, openness, and mutual understanding. This fosters stronger relationships and collaboration, enabling nonprofits to work towards shared goals more effectively.

On the other hand, a shared limitation highlighted by both interviewees is the challenge of balancing organizational values with diverse perspectives. While adhering to shared values is important, strict adherence may limit diversity in collaborations. Acknowledging the benefits of diverse perspectives, backgrounds, and approaches is crucial for innovative problem-solving and inclusive partnerships.

Section: 5 Implication and Recommendation

The study relied on a relatively small sample size of four interviewees. While the interviews provided rich qualitative data and diverse perspectives, the findings may not fully represent the wide range of experiences and opinions within the nonprofit sector. The small sample size limits the generalizability of the study's findings to a larger population of nonprofit organizations. Moreover, the study relied on a relatively small sample size of four interviewees. While the interviews provided rich qualitative data and diverse perspectives, the findings may not fully represent the wide range of experiences and opinions within the
The small sample size limits the generalizability of the study's findings to a larger population of nonprofit organizations.

Despite the limitations, the implications of this study on the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships are significant. The findings emphasize the importance of considering shared values when selecting partners, as it enables nonprofit organizations to make informed decisions that lead to more effective and sustainable collaborations. By aligning organizational values, organizations can foster trust, enhance communication, and build strong relationships with their partners. This, in turn, improves collaboration outcomes and increases the likelihood of achieving shared goals. Furthermore, prioritizing organizational values promotes ethical practices, accountability, and transparency within collaborative initiatives. Policymakers and funders can also utilize these findings to inform policy decisions and funding priorities, supporting partnerships that prioritize shared values. Overall, the implications of this study highlight the practical considerations that can enhance the success and impact of nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships.

Based on the findings of this study on the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships, several recommendations can be made to nonprofit leaders, practitioners, and policymakers:

1. Prioritize the alignment of organizational values: Nonprofit organizations should prioritize partner selection based on shared values. During the collaboration or partnership formation process, it is essential to assess and evaluate potential partners' organizational values and ensure alignment with the mission, vision, and core principles of the nonprofit. This alignment establishes a strong foundation for collaboration and enhances the likelihood of achieving shared goals.
2. Incorporate organizational values in decision-making processes: Nonprofit leaders and practitioners should integrate organizational values into their decision-making processes when selecting partners for collaborations. Consideration of organizational values should go beyond surface-level assessments and be integrated into the evaluation criteria and decision frameworks. This helps ensure that partners are selected based on their values, ethics, and alignment with the nonprofit's principles.

3. Foster open and transparent communication: Effective communication is crucial for successful collaborations. Nonprofit organizations should establish clear channels of communication with potential partners to discuss and assess organizational values. This transparency facilitates understanding, builds trust, and identifies potential areas of alignment or divergence. It is important to openly discuss and address any differences in values and find mutually agreeable solutions.

4. Cultivate a culture of learning and adaptation: Nonprofit organizations should embrace a culture of learning and adaptability within collaborative initiatives. This involves continuously reflecting on and evaluating the alignment of organizational values throughout the partnership's lifecycle. It is essential to be open to feedback, address any values-related challenges, and adapt strategies to maintain alignment and enhance collaboration effectiveness.

5. Engage in ongoing evaluation and monitoring: Nonprofit organizations should establish mechanisms for ongoing evaluation and monitoring of partnerships, including regular assessments of shared values. This allows organizations to track the progress of the collaboration, identify any values-related issues that may arise, and take timely corrective actions. Continuous monitoring helps ensure that the partnership remains aligned with the organization's values and desired outcomes.
6. Foster a supportive funding and policy environment: Policymakers and funders should recognize and support the importance of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations. Funding priorities and policies should consider the significance of shared values and provide support for organizations seeking to establish collaborations based on aligned values. This can include funding opportunities specifically designed to incentivize partnerships that prioritize shared values and provide resources for capacity-building in partner selection processes.

7. Share best practices and lessons learned: Nonprofit organizations, researchers, and practitioners should actively share best practices and lessons learned regarding partner selection and the role of organizational values. This can be done through conferences, workshops, publications, and online platforms, fostering a community of learning, and promoting knowledge exchange. Sharing experiences and insights allows organizations to learn from one another and enhance their partner selection processes.

By implementing these recommendations, nonprofit organizations can improve their partner selection processes, foster more impactful collaborations, and achieve greater effectiveness in addressing societal challenges. These recommendations also provide guidance for policymakers and funders to create an enabling environment that supports collaborative efforts based on shared values, ultimately contributing to positive social change.
Section: 6 Conclusion

The research study on the role of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaboration and cross-sector partnerships has provided valuable insights into the significance of values in shaping successful collaborative initiatives. Through a mixed-methods approach that included in-depth interviews with nonprofit leaders and a comprehensive literature review, this study has explored the perspectives, experiences, and opinions of practitioners in the field.

The findings from the interviews consistently confirm that organizational values play a critical role in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations. Shared values act as a foundation for building trust, effective communication, and mutual understanding among partners. They guide decision-making processes, promote ethical conduct, and foster a collective approach to problem-solving. The interviewees highlighted the importance of collaboration, teamwork, and ethical standards as key values sought after when selecting partners for collaboration or cross-sector partnerships. These values contribute to the overall success and impact of collaborative initiatives.

The benefits of incorporating organizational values into the partner selection process are evident. Shared values enhance trust, transparency, and openness among partners, leading to stronger relationships and collaboration. When partners share common values, there is better alignment in goals, strategies, and approaches, resulting in increased efficiency, improved resource allocation, and better outcomes in addressing community needs. Additionally, incorporating organizational values fosters sustainable partnerships, community engagement, and social impact amplification. It also promotes inclusivity, equity, and knowledge sharing within the nonprofit sector, contributing to a culture of learning and innovation.
However, the analysis also acknowledges the limitations and challenges associated with considering organizational values in partner selection. Balancing values across diverse partners can be complex, requiring ongoing communication, compromise, and flexibility. Striving for shared values should not overshadow the benefits of diverse perspectives, backgrounds, and approaches for innovative problem-solving and inclusive partnerships.

Based on the insights gained from the study, several recommendations can guide nonprofit organizations in enhancing their partner selection processes. Prioritizing organizational values, establishing clear selection criteria, and fostering collaborative decision-making are crucial steps. Nonprofits should conduct due diligence, embrace diversity and inclusion, and maintain open communication and flexibility in their partnerships. Regular evaluation and monitoring of collaborations can ensure that partner organizations uphold shared values throughout the partnership.

This research study contributes to the existing knowledge base on partner selection in nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships. The insights gained from the interviews provide practical considerations and recommendations for practitioners, policymakers, and stakeholders involved in collaborative initiatives. By understanding the role of organizational values in partner selection, nonprofit organizations can make informed decisions, form stronger partnerships, and maximize their impact in addressing social challenges.

It is important to acknowledge the limitations of this study. The sample size of four interviewees, while providing valuable insights, is relatively small and may not represent the full spectrum of perspectives in the nonprofit sector. Additionally, the study's focus on the role of organizational values does not explore other factors that may influence partner selection, such as capacity, expertise, and geographic proximity. Future research could
expand on these areas to provide a more comprehensive understanding of partner selection in nonprofit collaborations.

In conclusion, the research study emphasizes the significance of organizational values in partner selection for nonprofit collaborations and cross-sector partnerships. By incorporating values into the decision-making process, nonprofits can foster trust, effective communication, and shared goals among partners, leading to stronger collaborations and more impactful initiatives. Through ongoing research, knowledge sharing, and practical implementation of these findings, nonprofit organizations can enhance their collaborative efforts, strengthen community involvement, and drive positive change in addressing social issues.
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Author’s Bio

Sannia is a highly driven individual with a strong passion for education equity. She completed her undergraduate degree in Business Administration, but after working as an intern at three different corporate companies, she realized that her true calling lay elsewhere.

After some careful consideration, Sannia decided to apply for the Teach for Pakistan (TFP) fellowship, a nonprofit organization dedicated to providing quality education to all children in Pakistan. This experience not only allowed her to gain valuable teaching skills but also taught her the importance of community engagement in the education system.

After moving to the USA, Sannia continued her work towards education equity by joining a non-profit organization, The Citizens Foundation, that fundraises for schools in marginalized areas of Pakistan. To gain more knowledge on nonprofit work in the USA, she pursued a graduate program in nonprofit administration at the University of San Francisco.

With her unwavering passion for education equity, Sannia is committed to making a positive impact in the education sector. She continues to work towards improving education systems and creating opportunities for marginalized communities to access quality education.